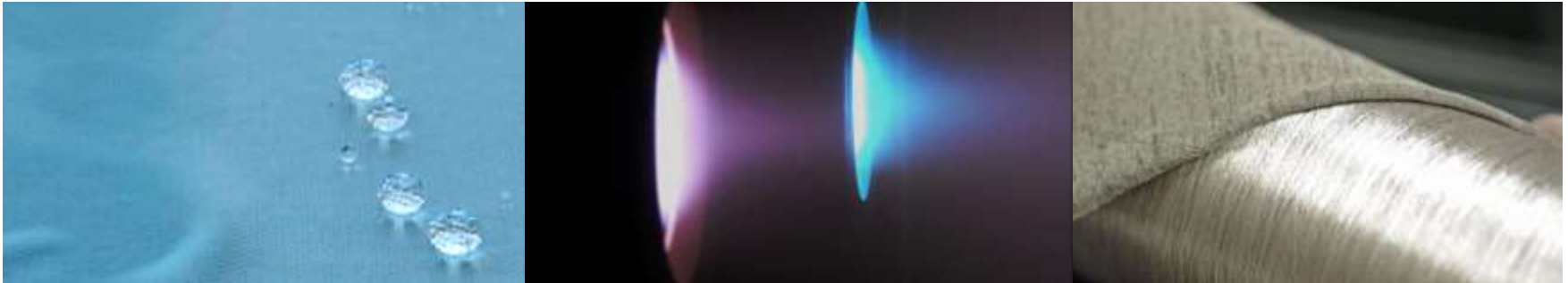


Plasmabeschichtungen auf Fasern für 'Smart Textiles'



Dr. Dirk Hegemann

Empa, St.Gallen, Advanced Fibers, Plasma & Coating

dirk.hegemann@empa.ch

www.empa.ch/advancedfibers

Leading competences

confined fluids

Prof. Dr. Manfred Heuberger



structured fibers

Dr. Rudolf Hufenus



Materials & Technology

plasma@surfaces

Dr. Dirk Hegemann



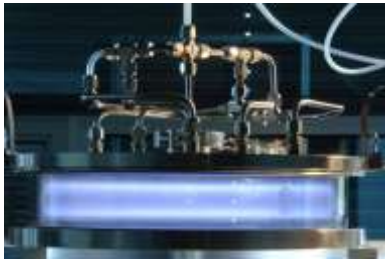
functional molecules

Dr. Sabyasachi Gaan



Plasma & Coating

Plasma Polymerization

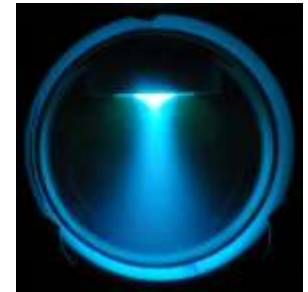


Co-Sputtering

Sputtering



AP vs. LP Plasma

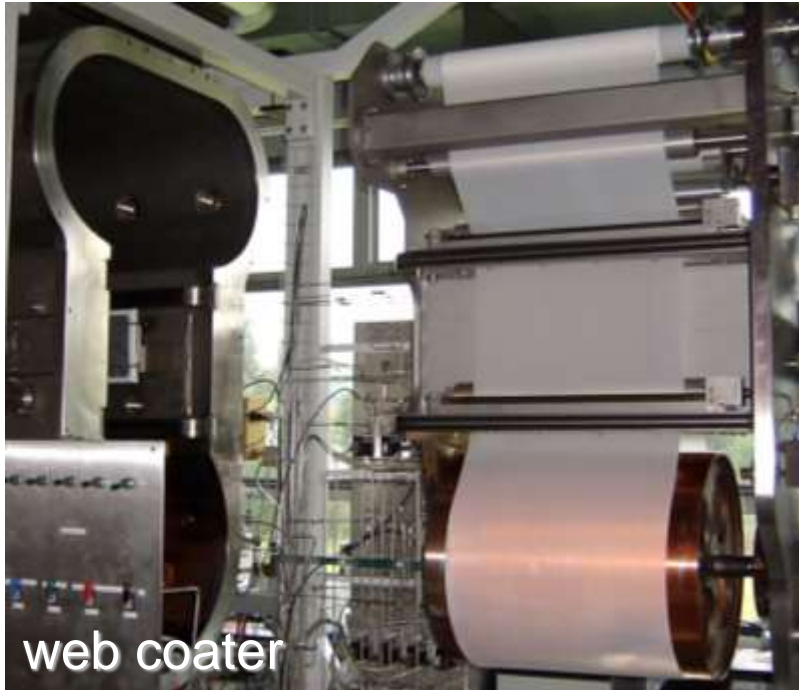


→ **transfer to industry**
(economic, resource-saving processes)



Plasma & Coating

Unique plasma reactors for reel-to-reel treatment



width = 65 cm

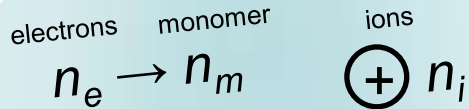


- **Functional plasma polymer films**
- **Metallizations**
- **Combinations thereof**
(codeposition, multilayers, gradients)

Continuous treatment of textiles, membranes, foils, ribbons, paper as much as fibers, yarns etc.

Plasma Polymerization

Control of deposition conditions



energy per condensing atom

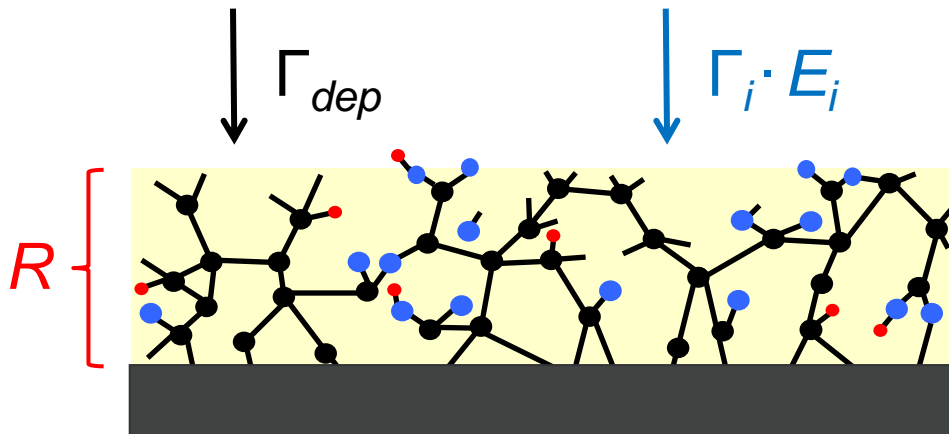
$$\varepsilon_{surf} = E_i \frac{\Gamma_i}{s\Gamma_{dep}} \quad \text{s: sticking probability}$$

plasma chemistry

plasma physics

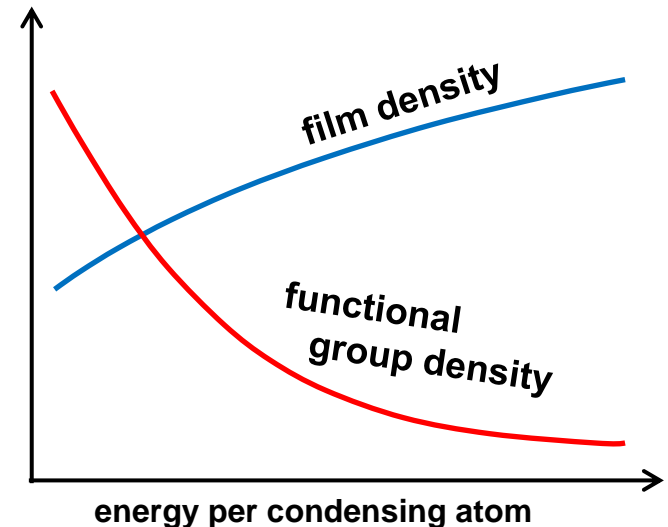
flux of film-forming species

energy flux



control of gas phase and surface processes during film growth

→ cross-linking vs. functionality



'trade-off'

Control of deposition conditions – advanced

Interface (surface + sub-surface): interaction with environment

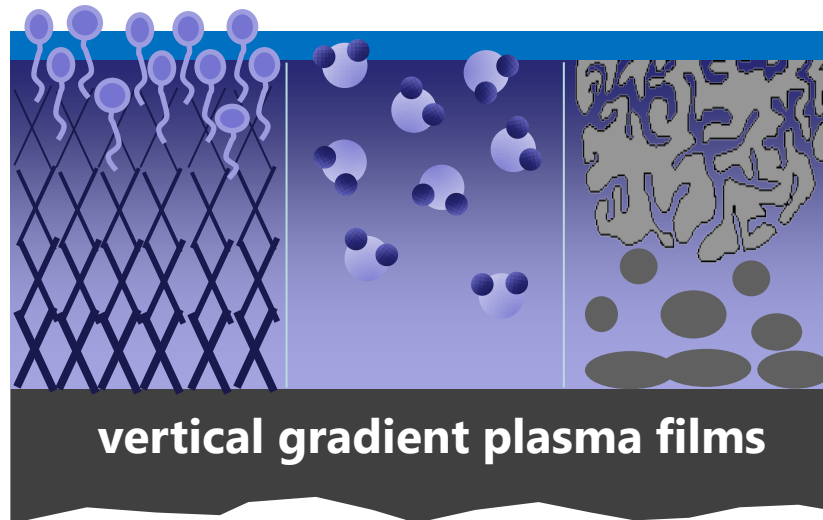
functionality, wettability, roughness, friction, passivation

surface

(~1-2 nm)

sub-surface

(~2-20 nm)

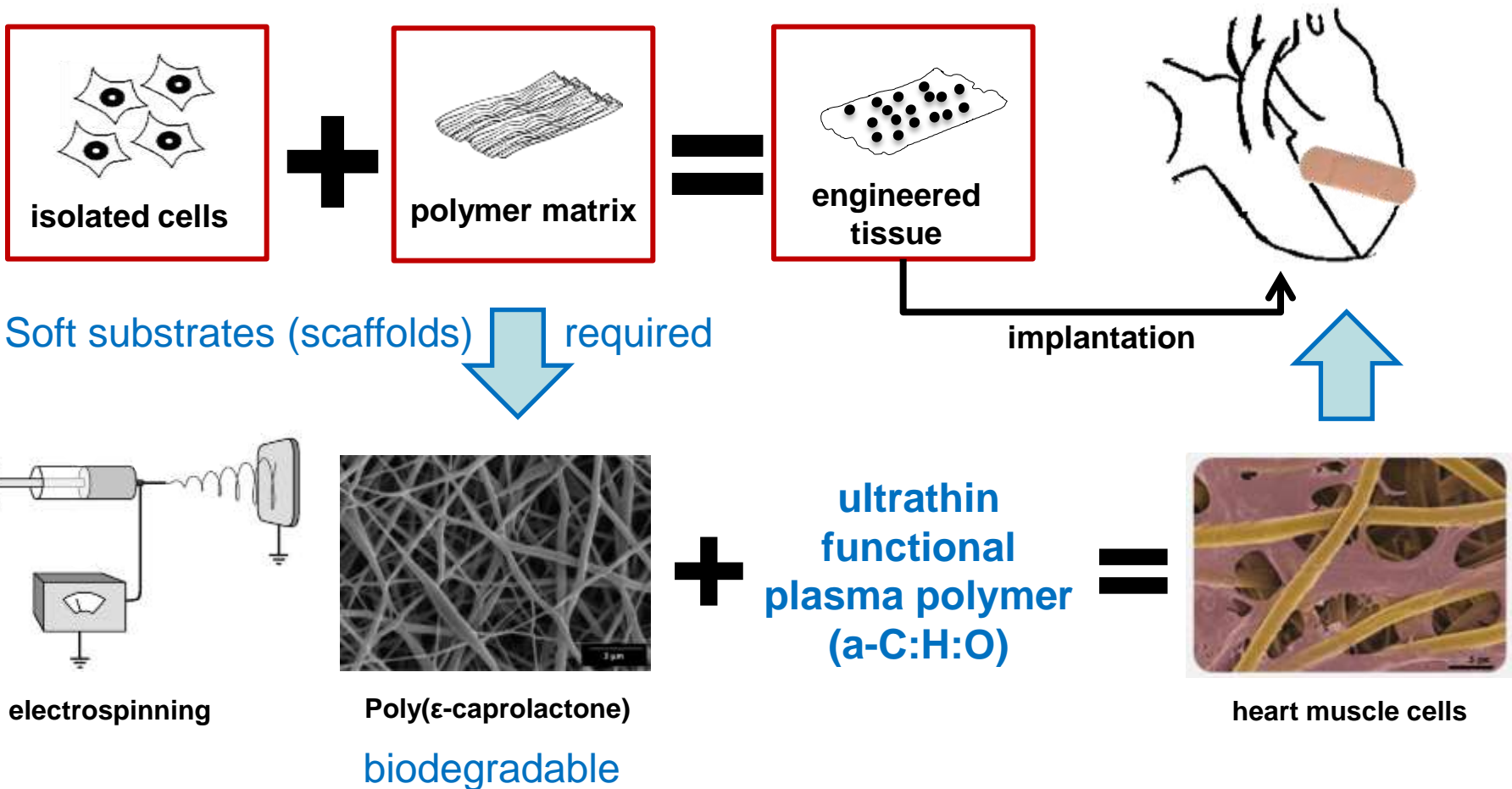


cross-linking/stability
hydration
porosity/loading
stiffness
adhesion

Future trends in plasma science: plasma + surface chemistry; plasma & bio: fluids
(Prof. R. Brinkmann, 'Future in Plasma Science', Greifswald, Germany, July 12-15, 2015.)

Tissue Engineering

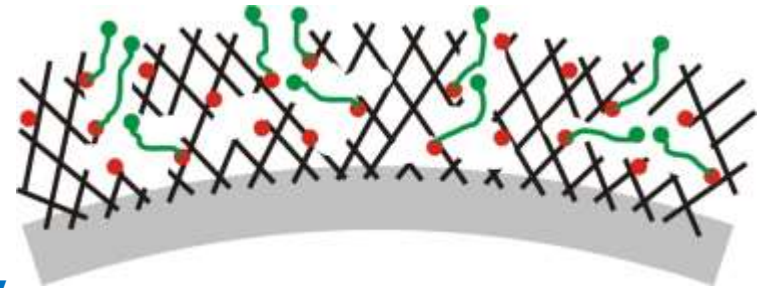
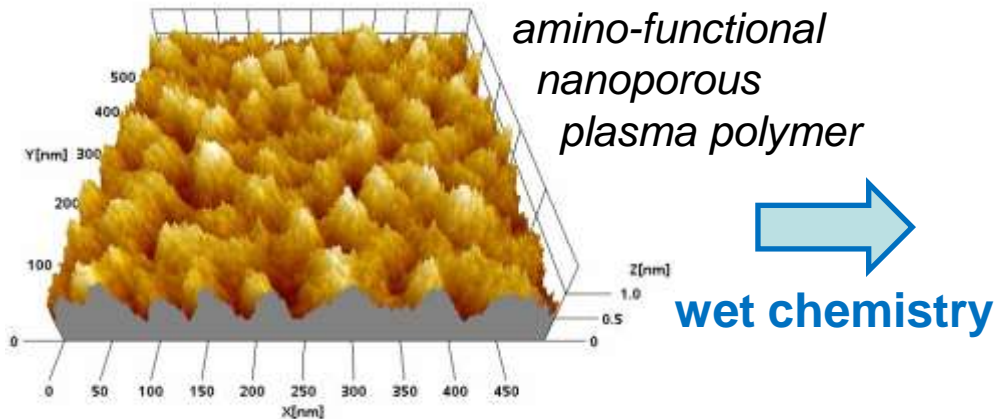
Matrix design for improved cell growth



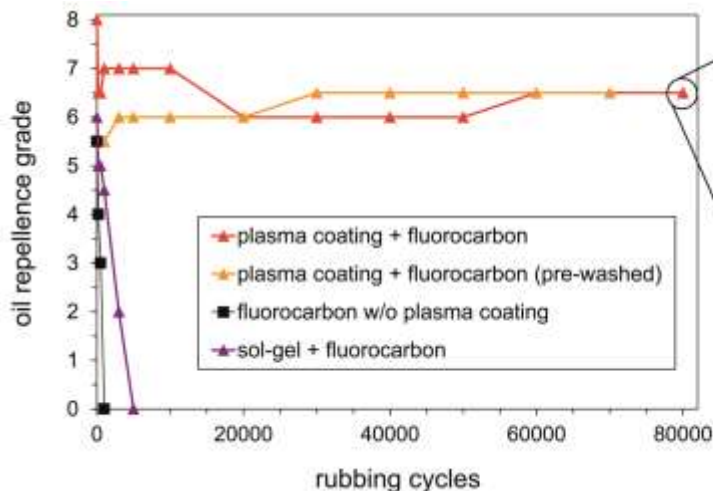
G. Guex, D. Hegemann et al. *Acta Biomater.* 8 (2012) 1481.

Combination with Wet Chemistry

Attachment of chemical (or bio) molecules



e.g. fluorocarbons
polyethylene glycols
antibodies
vitamines



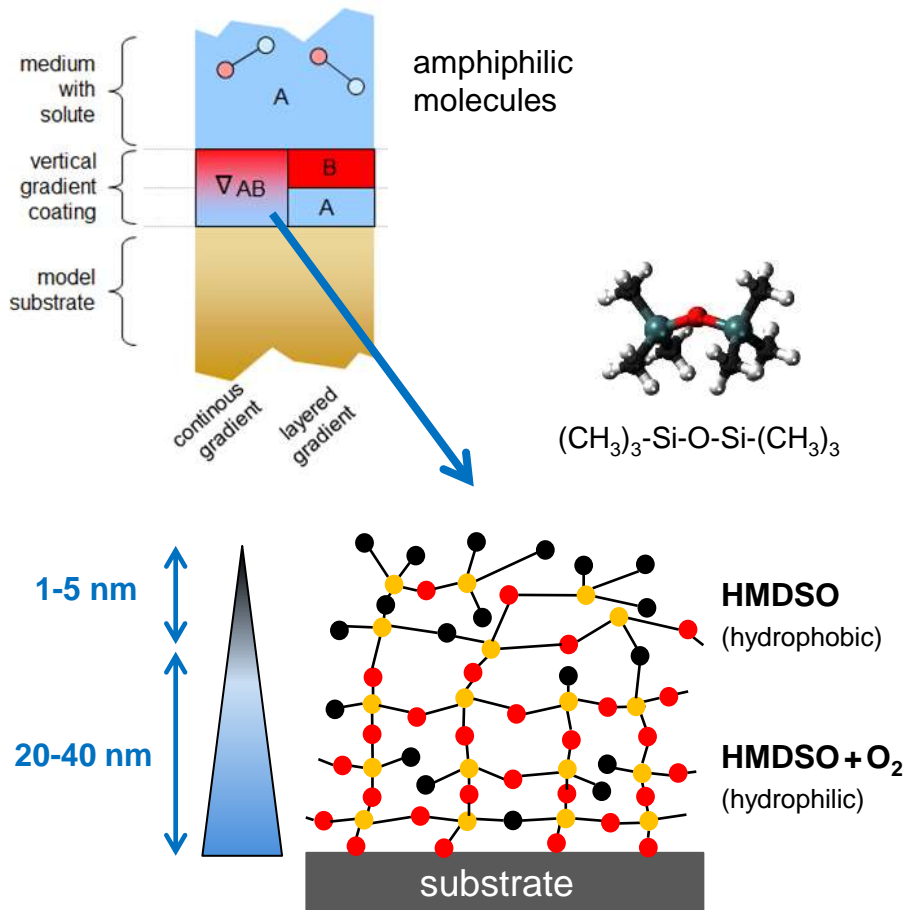
Martindale
abrasion test

- **increased abrasion resistance due to protection of attached molecules by nanoporous plasma polymer**

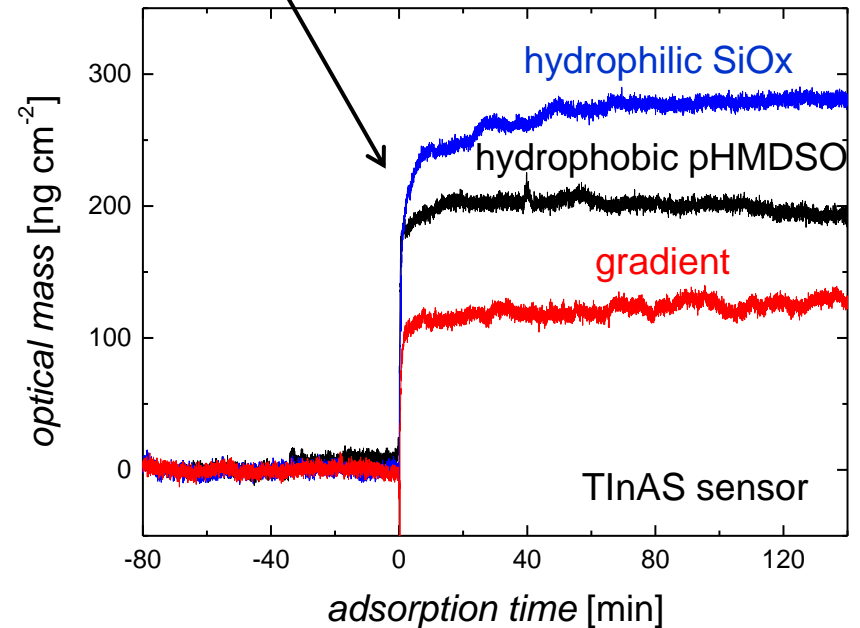
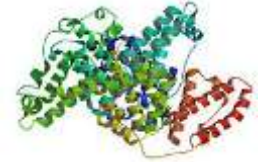
D. Hegemann *Thin Solid Films* 581 (2015) 2.

Adsorption/Desorption/Sensing

Plasma polymers with vertical chemical gradients



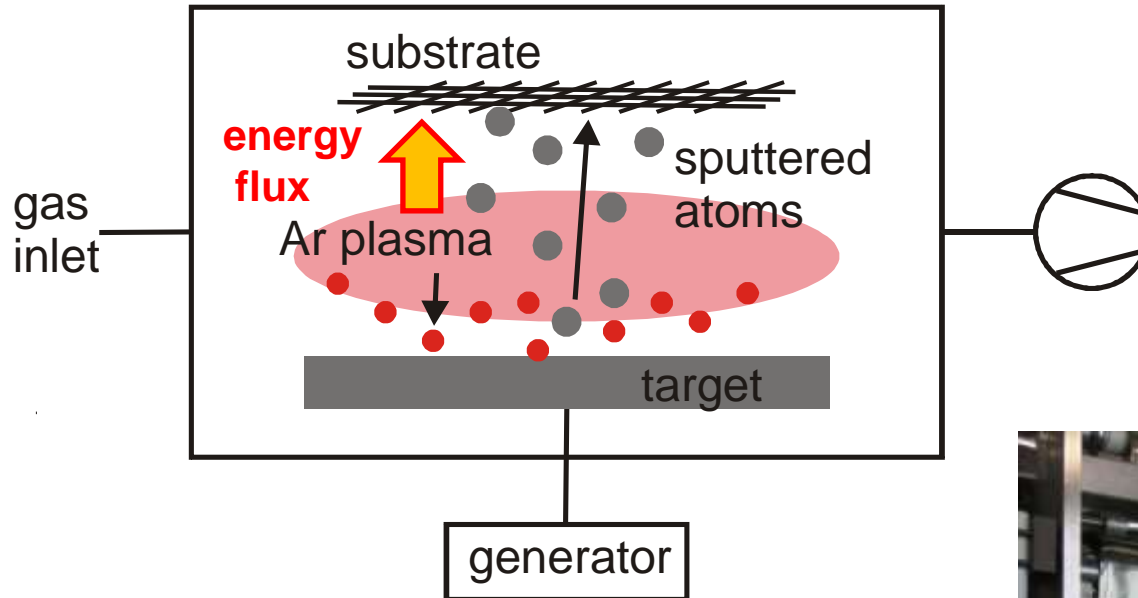
adsorption of bovine serum albumin (BSA)



→ reduced protein adsorption due to interaction with water molecules

Reel-to-Reel Metallization

Physical Vapor Deposition (PVD) – Sputtering



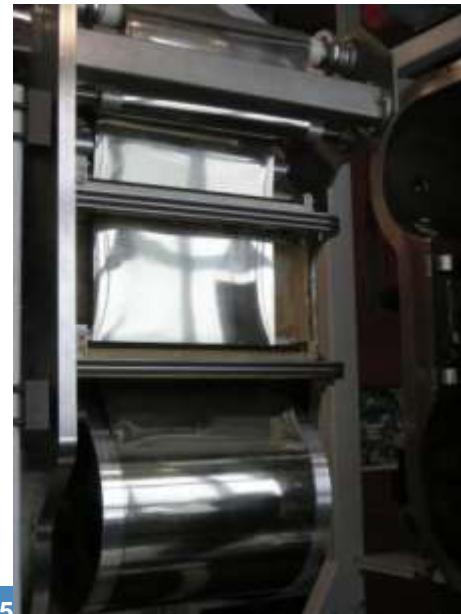
pressure: ~ 1 Pa

@ target ~ 400 eV per atom

@ substrate > 10 eV per atom

→ **dense morphology
and good adhesion**

High-energetic Ar ions release atoms from the target (by collision cascades) yielding deposition on a substrate



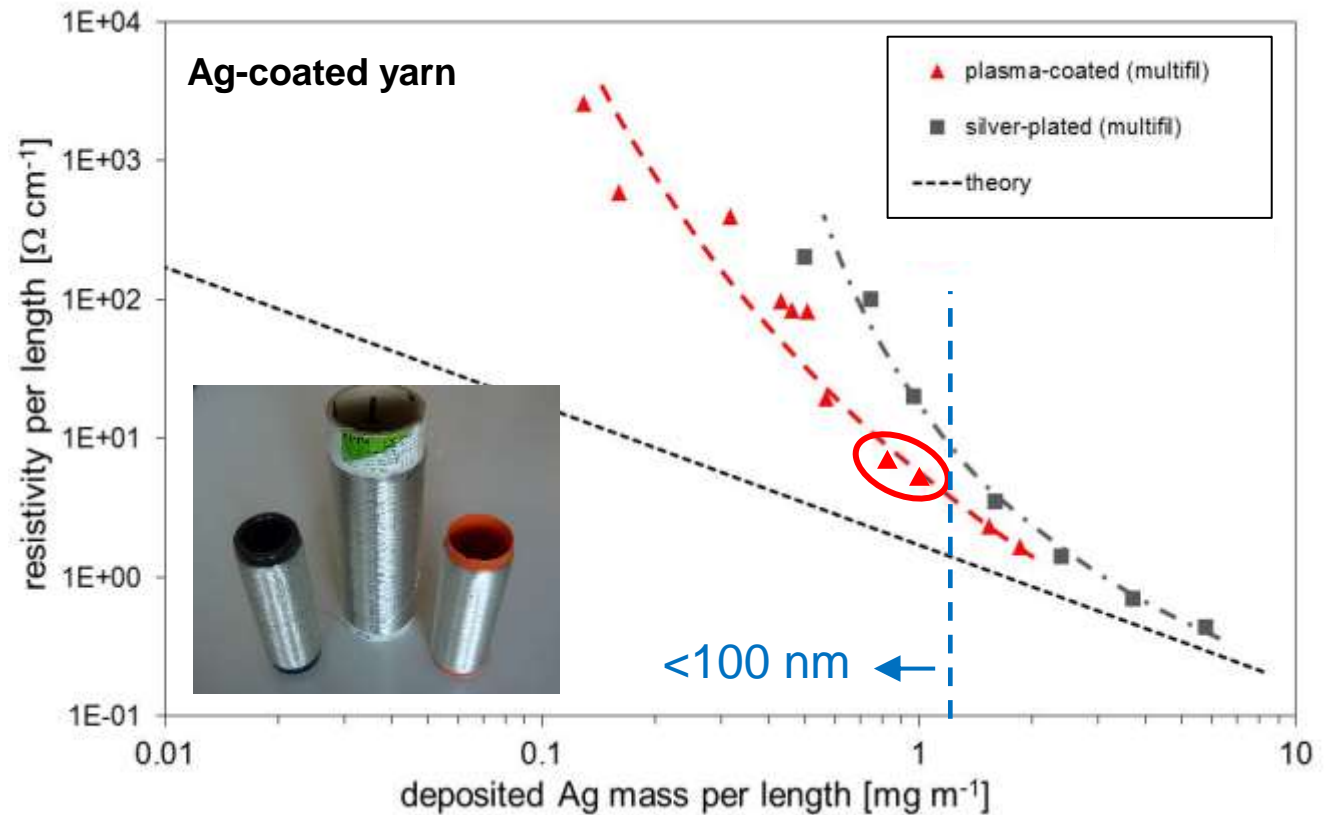
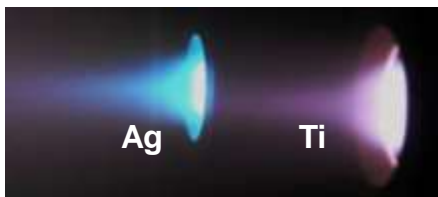
metal coatings on foils and fibers

Electrically conductive fibers for textile processing

Fiber Coater (pilot scale)



Two layer deposition

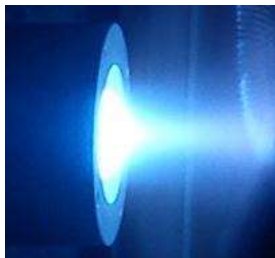


→ original textile properties with good conductivity and high washing fastness

D. Hegemann, M. Amberg, M. Heuberger et al. *Mater. Technol.* 24 (2009) 41.

Fashion

Metal coatings: Ag, Au, Pt, Ti, Cu, Al etc.



Serge Ferrari
TERSUISSE SA



JAKOB SCHLAEPFER 




Bischoff
ST. GALLEN SCHWEIZ

 **HUBLOT**

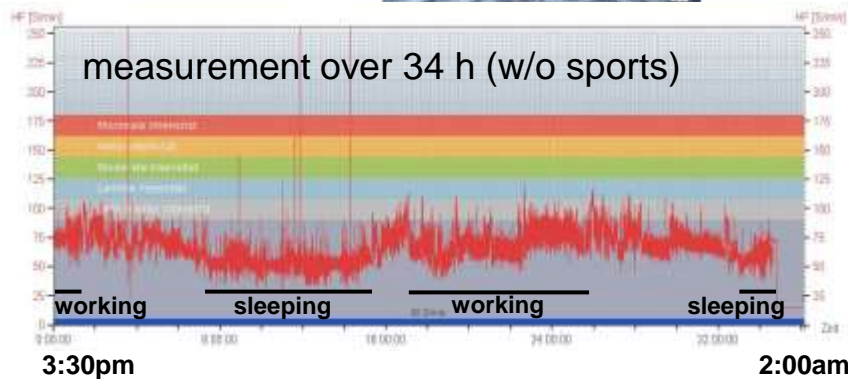
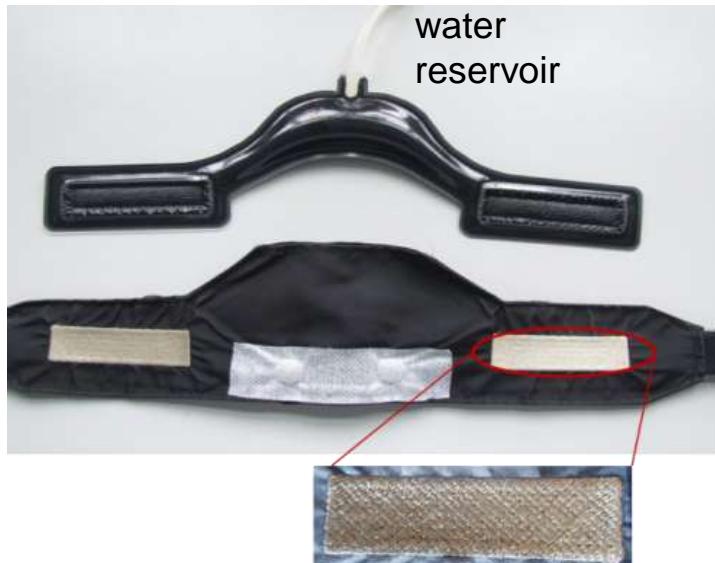
→ **full textile processability**

M. Amberg, D. Hegemann et al. *J. Adhesion Sci. Technol.* 24 (2010) 123.

Textile Electrodes

Ti-passivated Ag-coated fibers

Moistened textile electrodes for long-term ECG measurements

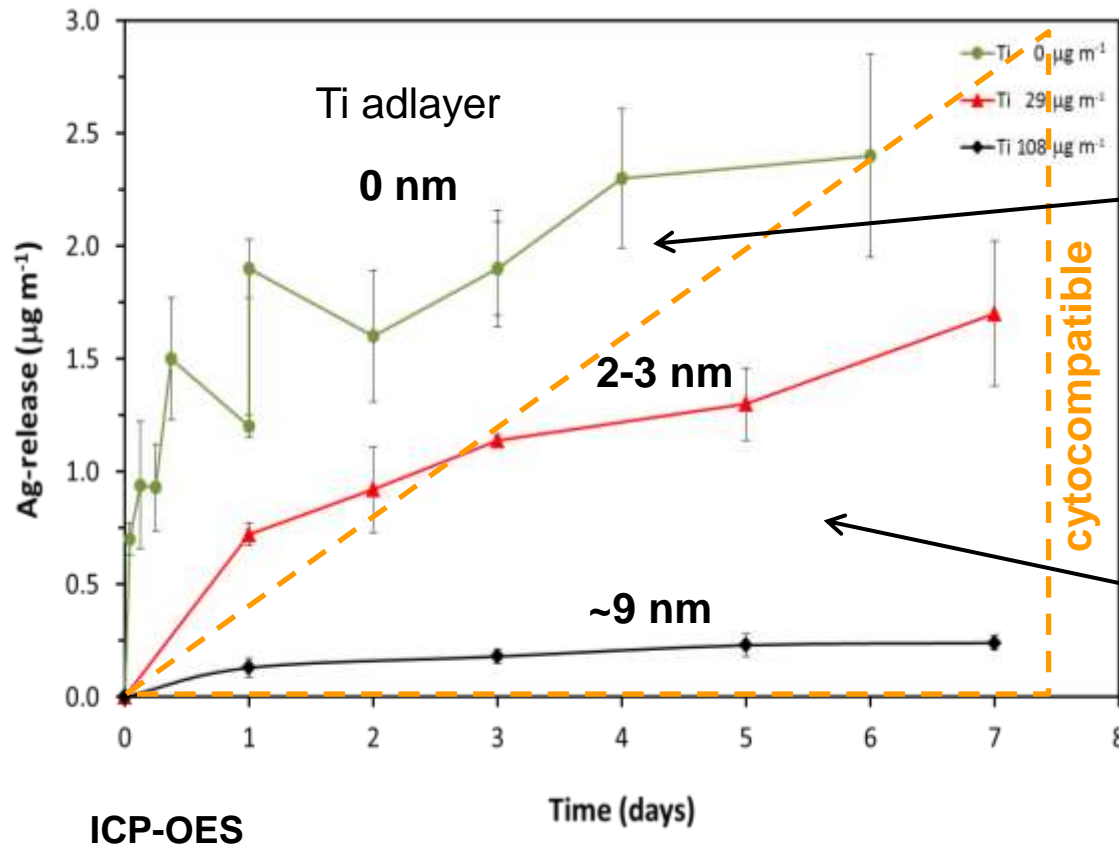


→ **stable, electrically conductive fibers**

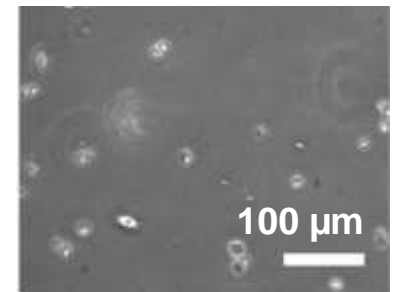
M. Amberg, D. Hegemann et al. *Nanomedicine: NMB* 11 (2015) 845.
M. Weder, D. Hegemann, M. Amberg et al. *Sensors* 15 (2015) 1750.

Ti-passivated Ag-coated fibers

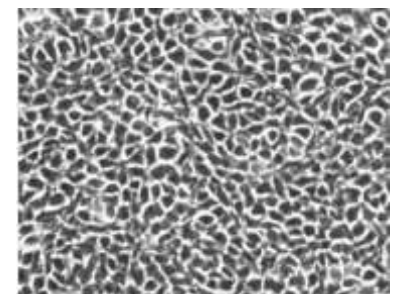
Cytotoxicity of Ag-coated fibers



potential issue:



cytotoxic

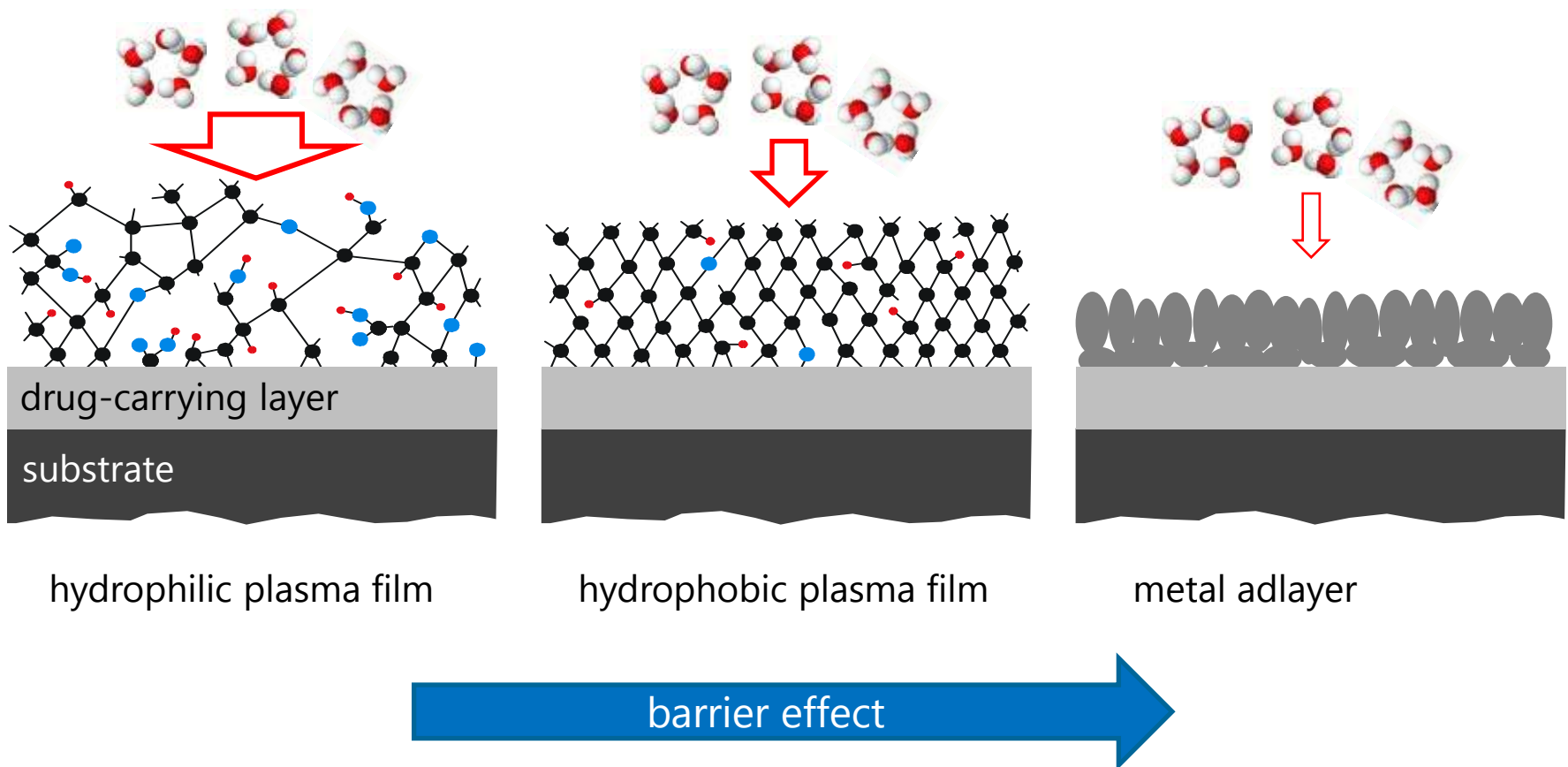


cytocompatible

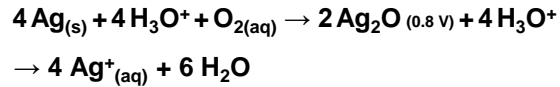
M. Amberg, D. Hegemann et al. *Nanomedicine: NMB* 11 (2015) 845.

Defined release of agents (drugs)

Control of (water) diffusion through plasma coatings

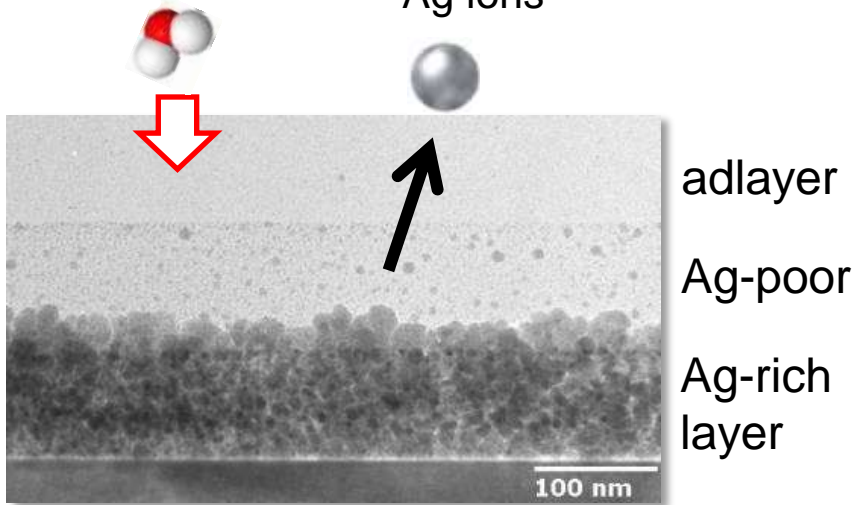


Controlled Ag ion release



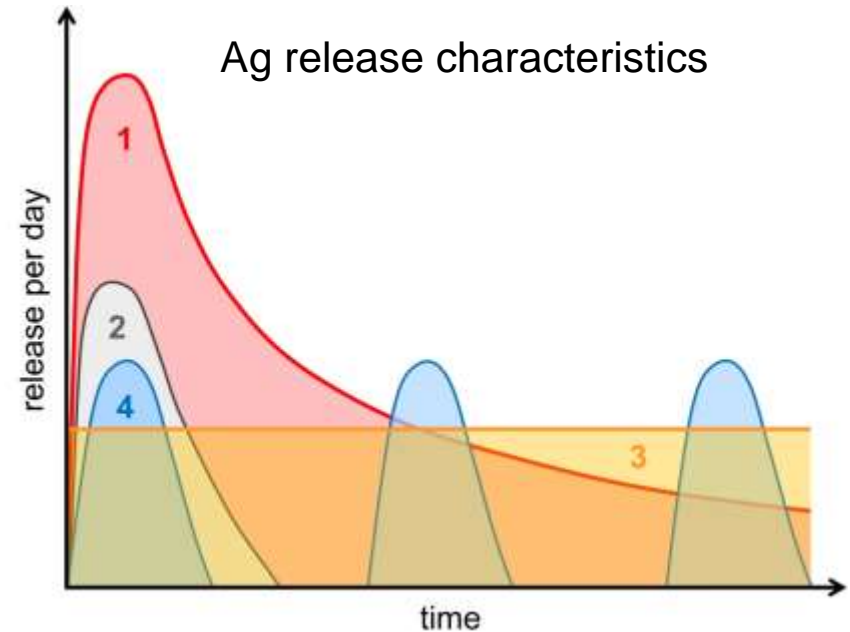
water diffusion

Ag ions



Ag-containing gradient film
(with Ag reservoir)

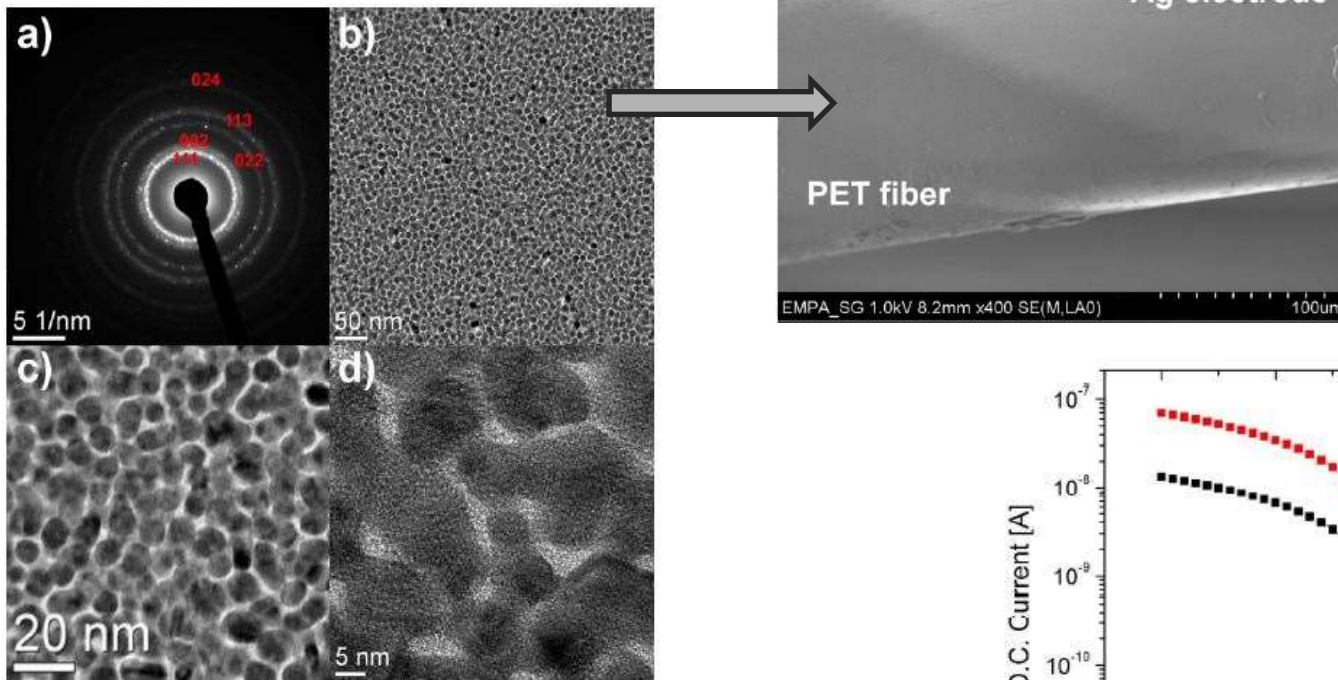
E. Körner, D. Hegemann et al.
Plasma Chem. Plasma Process. 32 (2012) 619.



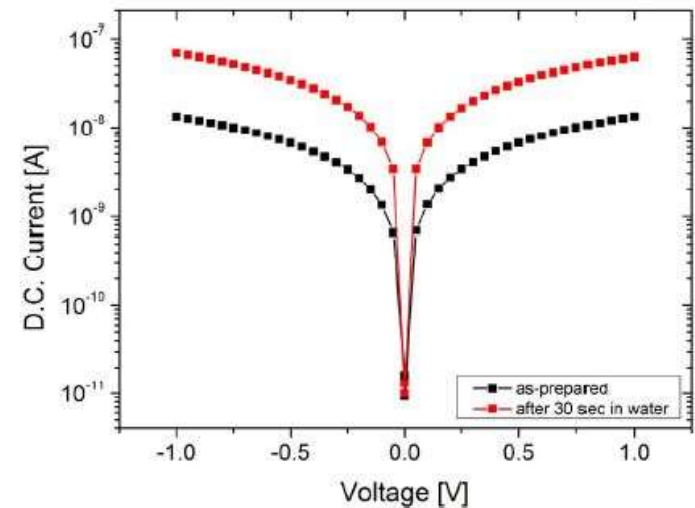
- (1) initial burst release causing local cytotoxic effects
- (2) adjusted Ag release for short-term antibacterial effects (Ag is depleted afterwards)
- (3) steady state release using gradient layers
- (4) repeated Ag ion release mediated by degradable layers in a multilayer set-up

Ag nanocomposite plasma coatings at percolation threshold

Moisture sensor



→ **response at water penetration**



M. Drabik, M. Heuberger, D. Hegemann et al. *Nanomater. Nanotechnol.* 3 (2013) 1(13).

Plasmabeschichtung von Fasern für 'Smart Textiles'

- **stabile elektrisch leitfähige Fasern (als Basistechnologie)**

→ **textile ‚Verdrahtung‘, Elektroden, Antennen, Sensoren**



gestickte LEDs; Quelle: Forster & Rohner

- **kontrolliertes Drug Delivery (durch Steuerung der Diffusion)**

→ **Wundauflagen, textile Implantate, chirurgische Fäden**

- **Bioresponse (Kontrolle von Proteinadsorption, Zellwachstum, Bakterien)**

→ **Tissue Engineering, Biosensoren**

→ **Fusion von Faser und Funktion**